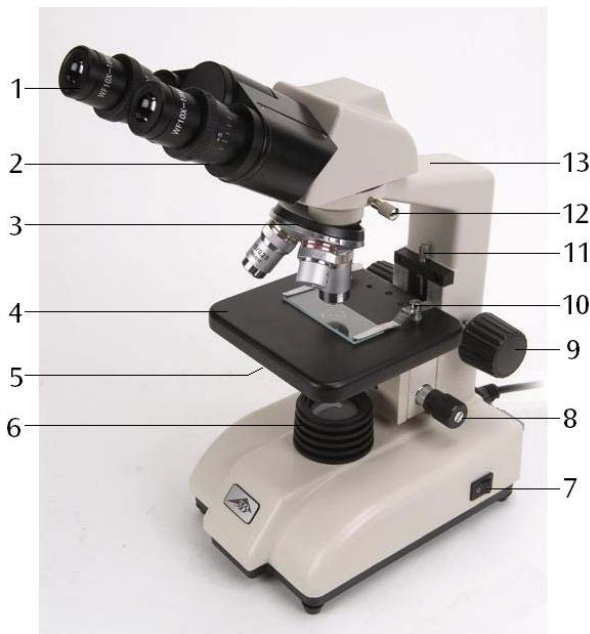


Binocular Course Microscope Model 200 (115 V) 1003268
Binocular Course Microscope Model 200 (230 V) 1003269

Instruction Manual

03/13 ALF



- 1 Eyepiece
- 2 Tube
- 3 Revolver with objectives
- 4 Object stage
- 5 Condenser with iris diaphragm and filter holder
- 6 Lamp housing
- 7 Mains switch
- 8 Adjustment knob for fine focusing
- 9 Adjustment knob for coarse focusing
- 10 Specimen clips
- 11 Lock screw for object stage
- 12 Head lock screw
- 13 Stand

1. Safety notes

- For power supply use only electrical sockets with ground contact.

2. Description, technical data

The binocular course microscope allows two-dimensional viewing of objects (thin sections of plant or animal specimen) in 40x to 400x magnification.

The microscope 1003268 is for operation with a mains voltage of 115 V ($\pm 10\%$), and the 1003269 unit is for operation with 230 V ($\pm 10\%$).

Stand: Robust, all metal stand with arm permanently connected to the base. Focussing by means of separate knobs for coarse and fine adjustment located on either side of the stand and operated by rack and pinion drive with dovetail teeth, adjustable stopper for protecting the object stage and objective

Tube: Binocular Siedentopf head, 30° viewing angle, 360° rotatable head, viewing distance adjustable between 54 and 75 mm, ± 5 dioptic compensation for both eyepieces

Eyepiece: Pair of wide field eyepieces WF 10x 18 mm

Objectives: Revolver with 3 DIN achromatic objectives 4x / 0.10, 10x / 0.25, 40x / 0.65 (with specimen protection)

Magnification: 40x, 100x, 400x

Object stage: 127 x 132 mm² with 2 specimen clips

Illumination: 5 W fluorescent lamp incorporated in the base integrated in base, with a converging lens in lamp shaft, power supply 115 V resp. 230 V 50/60 Hz

Condenser: Condenser N.A. 0.65, iris diaphragm, filter holder and blue filter

Dimensions: 282 x 148 x 356 mm³ approx.

Weight: 4.69 kg approx.

3. Unpacking and assembly

The microscope is packed in a molded styro-foam container.

- Take the container out of the carton remove the tape and carefully lift the top half off the container. Be careful not to let the optical items (objectives and eyepieces) drop down.
- To avoid condensation on the optical components, leave the microscope in the original packing to allow it to adjust to room temperature.
- Using both hands (one around the pillar and one around the base), lift the microscope from the container and put it on a stable desk.
- The objectives will be found within individual protective vials. Install the objectives into the microscope nosepiece from the lowest magnification to the highest, in a clockwise direction from the rear.
- Put the head onto the top of the stand and tighten the head-lock-screw. Insert the eyepieces into the tube.

4. Operation

4.1 General information

- Set the microscope on a level table.
- Place the object to be observed in the center of the object plate. Use the clips to fasten it into place. Make certain that the specimen is centered over the opening in the stage.
- Connect the mains cable to the net and turn on the switch to get the object illuminated.
- Make certain that the specimen is centered over the opening in the stage.
- Adjust the interpupillary distance so that one circle of light can be seen.
- Make the necessary eyepiece dioptre adjustments to suit your eyes.
- Adjust the aperture of the iris diaphragm to get the background brightness suitable for a high contrast image.
- Rotate the nosepiece until the objective with the lowest magnification is pointed at the specimen. There is a definite "click" when each objective is lined up properly.

NOTE: It is best to begin with the lowest power objective. This is important to reveal general structural details with the largest field of view first. Then you may increase the magnification as needed to reveal small details. To determine the magnification at which you are viewing a specimen, multiply the power of the eyepiece by the power of the objective.

- Adjust the coarse-focusing-knob which moves the stage up until the specimen is focused. Be careful that the objective does not

make contact with the slide at any time. This may cause damage to the objective and/or crack your slide.

- Adjust the fine-focusing-knob to get the image more sharp and more clear.
- Colour filters may be inserted into the filter holder for definition of specimen parts. Swing the filter holder out and insert colour filters.
- Always turn off the light immediately after use.
- Be careful not to spill any liquids on the microscope.
- Do not mishandle or impose unnecessary force on the microscope.
- Do not wipe the optics with your hands.
- Do not attempt to service the microscope yourself.

4.2 Changing the fuse

- Turn off the power switch and unplug the mains plug.
- Unscrew the fuse holder on the back of the stand base with a screwdriver.
- Replace the fuse and reinsert the holder in its socket.

5. Storage, cleaning, disposal

- Keep the microscope in a clean, dry and dust free place.
- When not in use always cover the microscope with the dust cover.
- Do not expose it to temperatures below 0°C and above 40°C and a max. relative humidity of over 85%.
- Always unplug the mains plug before cleaning or maintenance.
- Do not clean the unit with volatile solvents or abrasive cleaners.
- Do not disassemble objective or eyepieces to attempt to clean them.
- Use a soft linen cloth and some ethanol to clean the microscope.
- Use a soft lens tissue to clean the optics.
- The packaging should be disposed of at local recycling points.
- Should you need to dispose of the equipment itself, never throw it away in normal domestic waste. Local regulations for the disposal of electrical equipment will apply.

